PNGC RISK ASSESSMENT FORM

Serial No: ...08......

Date of Next Review: Jan 2015

| Organisation | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| PNGC | |
| Privately Owned Glider | |
| Privately Owned Power Aircraft | ✓ |
| Other Airfield User | ✓ |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| Activity | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Flying - Gliders | |
| Flying - Power | ✓ |
| Ground Handling | |
| Maintenance | |
| Travel | |
| Visitors | |
| Others (specify) | \checkmark |

| Hazard Identification | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Flying Activities | √ 1.3, 1.5 |
| Mechanical | |
| Electrical | |
| Environment | |
| Waste | |
| | |
| Others (specify) | √ 6.2 |

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

- 1. Other aviation users on the airfield
- 2. Visitors and contractors using the perimeter taxi-way and dispersal areas (airside).
- 3. Contractors working on the airfield (airside)

SUMMARY OF HAZARDS

- 1. Conflict between PNGC aviation and other non-PNGC aircraft.
- 2. Vehicles not giving way to aircraft
- 3. Conflict between aircraft and contractor work on the airfield

| POPULATION AT RISK (inc No.) | unspecified |
|-------------------------------|-------------|

CURRENT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS & CONTROL MEASURES

- 1. All contractors visiting/using the airfield should be briefed by the Airfield Manager or Security Staff
- 2. Flying operations in accordance with the Airfield Manual.
- 3. Controlled access to the airfield.
- 4. PNGC Club Rules (covering airfield activities)

| CURRENT RISK ASSESSMENT | HIGH | MEDIUM | 5D+ | LOW | |
|-------------------------|------|--------|-----|-----|--|
| | | | | | |

RISK REDUCTION ACTIONS

- 1. PNGC Duty Instructor is able to give safety information to BN AGO or aircraft pilots as required.
- 2. Visitors and Contractors should be advised at the Argus Security gate of airfield activities.
- 3. All visitor/contractors travelling to the Northern side of the airfield should visually confirm circuit traffic on Runway 23/05 (particularly that no a/c on final approach when intending to cross the runway).

| FINAL RISK ASSESSMENT | HIGH | | MEDIUM | | | LOW | 5E |
|----------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------|---|---------------|----------|-----|
| | | | | _ | | | |
| Assessed by Safety officer | | Reviewed by CFI | | | Authorised by | y Chairr | man |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | • |
| Date: | Date: | | | | Date: | | |

GUIDANCE NOTES

For further guidance on completing this form contact the PNGC Safety Officer

Risk Assessment

Will be completed by the PNGC Safety Officer or Administrator.

No.

Organisation Tick the appropriate box.

Activity Tick the appropriate box.

Hazard Identification

From the Hazard Identification Check List select all hazard types applicable to the task/activity being assessed and enter the hazard identification code in the appropriate box.

Summary of Activities and Hazards Briefly describe the key aspects of the task/activity being assessed and how the hazard(s) may arise. Look only for the HAZARD(S) which you could reasonably expect to be present and which may result in significant harm under the conditions of your task / activity. In addition to hazards, which arise from "normal operations", consider also likely abnormal and emergency situations

Population at Risk

State the approximate number of people likely to be effected by the hazards of the task/activity. Don't forget it may not be just personnel carrying out the activity who may be effected. Consider also third parties.

Current Safety Precautions and Control Measures Describe the control measures or precautions already taken to reduce the risks from the hazards you have listed? e.g. Training, supervision, written procedures, fitting of guards and covers, provision of special tools or work areas, adequate information, instruction and safe systems etc

Current Risk Assessment Assess the level of risk taking into account the current control measures and precautions using the matrix below. Consider first the likely probability of the event arising and identify which row of the matrix is applicable. Then consider the most likely outcome of the hazard being realised in terms of personal injury or environmental impact and identify which column on the matrix applies. The box at which the two crosses will fall into either the low/medium/high risk sections of the matrix. i.e.C3

Risk Reduction Actions

Have risks been reduced to a level that is as low is reasonably practicable? It may help to consider if the current measures have to meet standards set by regulations, Air Navigation Order, BGA Laws & Rules, HSE guidance and local Agreed Codes of Practice (ACOPS). Where appropriate identify further risk reduction measures.

Final Risk Assessment Now re-assess the expected level of risk assuming the further risk reduction measures identified are in place.

Date of Next Review

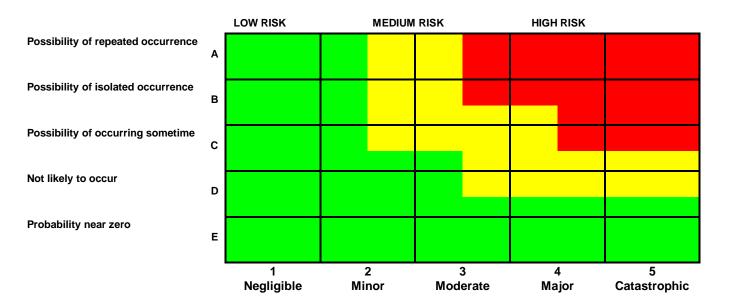
Assign a date for the next review based on an estimate of the likely hood of changes occurring that may effect the validity of the assessment.

Acceptability of Risk

LOW: No action is required if a hazard falls in this area, although some cost-effective improvements may be judged worthwhile.

MEDIUM: If a hazard falls in this area, a cost versus benefit analysis will help decide whether remedial action is taken or the risk accepted.

HIGH: If a hazard is judged to be in this area the activity is not to be carried out until corrective action are implemented to reduce the risk to a lower level.



HAZARD IDENTIFICATION CHECKLIST

| 1 | FLYING ACTIVITIES |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| 1.1 | OPERATIONS FINANCE TRANSPORT |
| 1.2 | FLYING TRAINING |
| 1.3 | RISK OF COLLISION |
| 1.4 | AIRMANSHIP |
| 1.5 | VISITOR MANAGEMENT |
| 1.6 | OTHER |
| 2 | MECHANICAL HAZARDS |
| 2.1 | DRAWING-IN / TRAPPING |
| 2.2 | IMPACT |
| 2.3 | STABBING / PUNCTURE |
| 2.4 | FRICTION / ABRASION |
| 2.5 | HIGH PRESSURE FLUID INJECTION |
| 2.6 | SLIPS / TRIPS / FALLS |
| 2.7 | FALLING / MOVING OBJECT |
| 2.8 | OTHER MECHANICAL HAZARDS |
| | |
| 3 | ELECTRICAL HAZARDS |
| 3.1 | DIRECT CONTACT |
| 3.2 | INDIRECT CONTACT |
| 3.3 | ELECTROSTATIC PHENOMENA |
| 3.4 | SHORT CIRCUIT / OVERLOAD |
| 3.5 | SOURCE OF IGNITION |
| 3.6 | OTHER ELECTRICAL HAZARDS |
| 3.0 | OTHER ELECTRICAL HAZARDS |
| 4 | ENVIRONMENT |
| 4.1 | NOISE |
| 4.2 | VISUAL IMPACT |
| 4.3 | EMISSIONS |
| 4.3 | USE OF RESOUCES |
| | |
| 4.5 | FLORA & FAUNA |
| 4.6 | CONTAMINATION (DEBRIS) |
| <i>-</i> | WACTE |
| 5 | WASTE |
| 5.1 | TOXIC |
| 5.2 | HAZARDOUS |
| 5.3 | DOMESTIC |
| 5.4 | SPECIAL |
| 5.5 | FUEL |
| | |
| | |
| 6 | OTHER |
| 6.1 | Winch Driving |
| 6.2 | Airfield Driving |
| 6.3 | Launchpoint Control |
| 6.4 | Work Environment |
| 6.5 | Stressful Posture |
| 6.6 | Poor Workplace design |

| Severity Category | Safety and Environmental Consequences | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Personnel | Material Safety | Public Salety | | | |
| Catastrophic | Multiple deaths or multiple serious injuries | Total loss or extreme damage of property | George Congresion - Sinches Congresion - Sinches Congresion - Congres | | | |
| Major | Severe Injury/ illness or single fatality | Major damage of property. (10 - 95% of unit cost) | The second of th | | | |
| Moderate | Injury or occupational illnesses | Severe damage of a property (1 -10 % of unit cost), | PONTONINGER ANTERES NUMBER OBJESES SESSIONE NEW TOTAL OBJEST OF THE PROPERTY OF THE TOTAL OBJEST NEW TOTAL OBJEST OF THE OBJEST | | | |
| Minor | A single injury or occupational illness and/or multiple minor injuries or occupational illnesses | Small damage to property (0.01 - 1% of unit cost) | Transcrive States of the State | | | |
| Negligible | At most a single minor injury or minor occupational illness | Negligible damage to property. (< 0.01% of unit cost), | Tieglicuble motiest nielena Dur zu einelen eisen eine Altuszties extenditotische Deste Altonobio Interes | | | |

Table of Safety Severity Categories